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This version issued: June, 2023

Section 1 - Identification of The Material and Supplier

Manufactured by Transtar Autobody Technologies, USA

Distributed in Australia by:

Sydney Automotive Paint & Equipment

Unit A3, 366 Edgar Street Condell Park NSW 2200

Tel: (02) 9772 9000

Email: reception@sape.com.au

Chemical nature: Blend of ingredients.

Trade Name: 2-in-1 Primer Red Oxide

Product Code: TS4623

Product Use: For Professional and Industrial Use Only

Creation Date: September, 2016

This version issued: **June**, **2023** and is valid for 5 years from this date. Poisons Information Centre: Phone 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia

Section 2 - Hazards Identification

Statement of Hazardous Nature

This product is classified as: Xi, Irritating. Hazardous according to the criteria of SWA.

Dangerous according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

SUSMP Classification: S5

ADG Classification: Class 2.1: Flammable gases.

UN Number: 1950, AEROSOLS









GHS Signal word: DANGER

Flammable aerosols Category 1

Gases under pressure - Compressed gas

Skin Irritation Category 2 Skin Sensitisation Category 1

Serious eye irritation Category 2A

Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Single Exposure Category 3

Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B

Carcinogenicity Category 2 Reproductive Toxicity Category 1

Specific Target Organ toxicity - repeated exposure Category 1

HAZARD STATEMENT:

H222: Extremely flammable aerosol

H280: Contains gas under pressure; may explode if heated.

H315: Causes skin irritation.

H317: May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H319: Causes serious eye irritation.

H336: May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H340: May cause genetic defects.

H351: Suspected of causing cancer.

H360: May damage fertility or the unborn child.

H372: Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

GHS Precautions

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand

P102 Keep out of reach of children

P103 Read label before use

P201 Obtain special instructions before use

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P202 Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood

P21 0 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources - No smoking

P211 Do not spray on an open flame or other ignition source

P251 Pressurized container - Do not pierce or burn, even after use

P260 Do not breathe dust, mist, vapors or spray

P264 Wash contacted skin thoroughly after handling

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product

P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area

P272 Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace

P280 Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection, face protection and respiratory protection.

P362 Take off contaminated clothing and wash before reuse

P302+P352 IF ON SKIN: Wash with soap and water

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse continuously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses if

present and easy to do - continue rinsing

P308+P313 IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice

P333+P313 If skin irritation or a rash occurs: Get medical advice

P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical attention.

P405 Store locked up

P403+P233 Store in a well ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed

P41 0+P412 Protect from sunlight. Do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50 °C/122 °F

P501 Dispose of contents and container in accordance with local, regional, national and international regulations.

Emergency Overview

Physical Description & Colour: Red liquid

Odour: Organic solvent

Major Health Hazards: Exposure can cause respiratory tract and throat irritation, headaches, shortness of breath and symptoms similar to intoxication. Overexposure can produce severe central nervous system depression, coma and respiratory failure. May cause serious damage to eyes, skin irritant.

Section 3 - Composition/Information on Ingredients					
Ingredients	CAS No	Conc,%	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m ³)	
Acetone	67-64-1	20-30	1185	2375	
Petroleum gases, liquefied, sweetened	68476-86-8	20-30	not set	not set	
Methyl ethyl ketone	78-93-3	10-20	445	890	
Talc	14807-96-6	5-10	2.5	not set	
1-methoxy-2-acetoxypropane	108-65-6	5-10	274	548	
Nitrocellulose	9004-70-0	1-5	not set	not set	
Methyl isobutyl ketone	108-10-1	3.6	205	307	
Toluene	108-88-3	1-5	191	574	
Isopropanol	67-63-0	1-5	983	1230	
Maleic modified rosin resin		1-5	not set	not set	
Methanol	67-56-1	0.1-1.0	262	328	
Ethyl benzene	100-41-4	0.25	434	543	
Other non hazardous ingredients	secret	to 100	not set	not set	

This is a commercial product whose exact ratio of components may vary slightly. Minor quantities of other non hazardous ingredients are also possible.

The SWA TWA exposure value is the average airborne concentration of a particular substance when calculated over a normal 8 hour working day for a 5 day working week. The STEL (Short Term Exposure Limit) is an exposure value that may be equaled (but should not be exceeded) for no longer than 15 minutes and should not be repeated more than 4 times per day. There should be at least 60 minutes between successive exposures at the STEL. The term "peak "is used when the TWA limit, because of the rapid action of the substance, should never be exceeded, even briefly.

Section 4 - First Aid Measures

General Information:

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You should call The Poisons Information Centre if you feel that you may have been poisoned, burned or irritated by this product. The number is 13 1126 from anywhere in Australia (0800 764 766 in New Zealand) and is available at all times. Have this SDS with you when you call.

Inhalation: No first aid measures normally required. However, if inhalation has occurred, and irritation has developed, remove to fresh air and observe until recovered. If irritation becomes painful or persists more than about 30 minutes, seek medical advice.

Skin Contact: Wash gently and thoroughly with warm water (use non-abrasive soap if necessary) for 10-20 minutes or until product is removed. Under running water, remove contaminated clothing, shoes and leather goods (e.g. watchbands and belts) and completely decontaminate them before reuse or discard. If irritation persists, repeat flushing and seek medical attention.

Eye Contact: Immediately flush the contaminated eye(s) with lukewarm, gently flowing water for 15 minutes or until the product is removed, while holding the eyelid(s) open. Take care not to rinse contaminated water into the unaffected eye or onto the face. Obtain medical attention immediately. Take special care if exposed person is wearing contact lenses.

Ingestion: If product is swallowed or gets in mouth, do NOT induce vomiting; wash mouth with water and give some water to drink. If symptoms develop, or if in doubt contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Section 5 - Fire Fighting Measures

Fire and Explosion Hazards: The major hazard in fires is usually inhalation of heated and toxic or oxygen deficient (or both), fire gases. There is a moderate risk of an explosion from this product if commercial quantities are involved in a fire. Firefighters should take care and appropriate precautions.

Fire decomposition products from this product may be toxic if inhaled. Take appropriate protective measures. **Extinguishing Media:** In case of fire, use carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam, water fog. Water fog or fine spray is the preferred medium for large fires. Try to contain spills, minimise spillage entering drains or water courses. **Fire Fighting:** If a significant quantity of this product is involved in a fire, call the fire brigade. There is a danger of a violent reaction or explosion if significant quantities of this product are involved in a fire. Recommended personal protective equipment is full fire kit and breathing apparatus. Cool closed, undamaged containers exposed to fire with water spray.

Flash point: -56°C

Upper Flammability Limit: Not available Lower Flammability Limit: Not available

Autoignition temperature: 170°C

Flammability Class: Flammable Category 2 (GHS); Highly Flammable (AS1940).

Section 6 - Accidental Release Measures

Accidental release: In the event of a major spill, prevent spillage from entering drains or water courses. Evacuate the spill area and deny entry to unnecessary and unprotected personnel. Wear full protective chemically resistant clothing including eye/face protection, gauntlets and self contained breathing apparatus. See below under Personal Protection regarding Australian Standards relating to personal protective equipment. Suitable materials for protective clothing include butyl rubber, Teflon, PE/EVAL, Responder. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective glasses and, preferably, goggles. Eye/face protective equipment should comprise as a minimum, protective goggles. If there is a significant chance that vapours or mists are likely to build up in the cleanup area, we recommend that you use a respirator. Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product, However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned below (section 8). Otherwise, not normally necessary. Stop leak if safe to do so, and contain spill. Absorb onto sand, vermiculite or other suitable absorbent material. If spill is too large or if absorbent material is not available, try to create a dike to stop material spreading or going into drains or waterways. Take suitable precautions e.g. use of non-sparking equipment to avoid creating sparks or flames which may ignite the spilled material. Leaking gases may form an explosion hazard. Any equipment capable of building an electrostatic charge should be electrically grounded. Sweep up and shovel or collect recoverable product into labelled containers for recycling or salvage, and dispose of promptly. Recycle containers wherever possible after careful cleaning. After spills, wash area preventing runoff from entering drains. If a significant quantity of material enters drains, advise emergency services. This material may be suitable for approved landfill. Ensure legality of disposal by consulting regulations prior to disposal. Thoroughly launder protective clothing before storage or re-use. Advise laundry of nature of contamination when sending contaminated clothing to laundry.

Section 7 - Handling and Storage

Handling: Keep exposure to this product to a minimum, and minimise the quantities kept in work areas. Check Section 8 of this SDS for details of personal protective measures, and make sure that those measures are followed. The measures detailed below under "Storage" should be followed during handling in order to minimise risks to

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persons using the product in the workplace. Also, avoid contact or contamination of product with incompatible materials listed in Section 10.

Storage: This product is a Scheduled Poison. Observe all relevant regulations regarding sale, transport and storage of this schedule of poison. Store in a cool (below 30°C), well ventilated area. Protect from direct sunlight. Make sure that surrounding electrical devices and switches are suitable. Check containers and valves periodically for leaks. If you keep more than 25kg of flammable gases, you are probably required to license the premises or notify your Dangerous Goods authority. If you have any doubts, we suggest you contact your Dangerous Goods authority in order to clarify your obligations. Check packaging - there may be further storage instructions on the label.

Section 8 - Exposure Controls and Personal Protection

The following Australian Standards will provide general advice regarding safety clothing and equipment:

Respiratory equipment: **AS/NZS 1715**, Protective Gloves: **AS 2161**, Occupational Protective Clothing: AS/NZS 4501 set 2008, Industrial Eye Protection: **AS1336** and **AS/NZS 1337**, Occupational Protective Footwear: **AS/NZS2210**.

SWA Exposure Limits	TWA (mg/m³)	STEL (mg/m³)
Acetone	1185	2375
Methyl ethyl ketone	445	890
Talc	2.5	not set
1-methoxy-2-acetoxypropane	274	548
Methyl isobutyl ketone	205	307
Toluene	191	574
Isopropanol	983	1230
Methanol	262	328
Ethyl benzene	434	543

No special equipment is usually needed when occasionally handling small quantities. The following instructions are for bulk handling or where regular exposure in an occupational setting occurs without proper containment systems. **Ventilation:** This product should only be used where there is ventilation that is adequate to keep exposure below the TWA levels. If necessary, use a fan.

Eye Protection: Protective glasses or goggles must be worn when this product is being used. Failure to protect your eyes may lead to severe harm to them or to general health. Emergency eye wash facilities must also be available in an area close to where this product is being used.

Skin Protection: Prevent skin contact by wearing impervious gloves, clothes and, preferably, apron. Make sure that all skin areas are covered. See below for suitable material types.

Protective Material Types: There is no specific recommendation for any particular protective material type. butyl rubber, Teflon, PE/EVAL, Responder.

Respirator: Usually, no respirator is necessary when using this product. However, if you have any doubts consult the Australian Standard mentioned above. Otherwise, not normally necessary.

Eyebaths or eyewash stations and safety deluge showers should, if practical, be provided near to where this product is being handled commercially.

Section 9 - Physical and Chemical Properties:

Physical Description & colour: Red liquid
Odour: Organic solvent
Boiling Point: 56°C at 100kPa

Freezing/Melting Point:

Volatiles: No data. Vapour Pressure: 14.5332 kPa

Vapour Density: 2.7 **Specific Gravity:** 0.825 Water Solubility: No data. pH: No data. Volatility: No data. **Odour Threshold:** No data. **Evaporation Rate:** No data. Coeff Oil/water Distribution: No data **Autoignition temp:** 170°C

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Section 10 - Stability and Reactivity

Reactivity: Carbon Monoxide, Carbon Dioxide.

Conditions to Avoid: Store below 30°C, protect from direct sunlight and do not expose to temperatures exceeding 50°C. Keep containers and surrounding areas well ventilated. Keep away from heat, flames and sparks. Keep away from sources of sparks or ignition. Any electrical equipment in the area of this product should be flame proofed. Protect this product from light.

Incompatibilities: acids, bases, strong oxidising agents.

Fire Decomposition: Combustion forms carbon dioxide, and if incomplete, carbon monoxide and possibly smoke. Water is also formed. May form nitrogen and its compounds, and under some circumstances, oxides of nitrogen. Occasionally hydrogen cyanide gas in reducing atmospheres. Metal oxide(s). Carbon monoxide poisoning produces headache, weakness, nausea, dizziness, confusion, dimness of vision, disturbance of judgment, and unconsciousness followed by coma and death.

Polymerisation: Polymerisation reactions are unlikely; they are not expected to occur.

Section 11 - Toxicological Information

Toxicity: LD50 Oral, Rat 5800mg/kg

LD₅₀ Oral, Mouse = 3000mg/kg

LD₅₀ Oral, Rabbit = 5340mg/kg

LD₅₀ Dermal, Guinea Pig = >9400mg/kg

In Delayed (Chronic and subchronic) studies, an 8 week inhalation study in rats showed no significant effects at 19,000ppm 5 days/week, and a 90 day oral toxicity in rats showed a no-observed-effects-level of 100mg/kg/day and a low-observed-effects-level of 500mg/kg/day based on increased liver and kidney weights and nephrotoxicity.

Ames Assay (S. typhimmium): Negative

Chromosome Aberrations and Sister Chromatid Exchange Assays: Negative

Point Mutation in Mouse Lymphoma Cells: Negative

DNA Cell-binding Assay: Negative

This product may attack central nervous system, kidneys, liver, lungs, skin.

Classification of Hazardous Ingredients

Ingredient

Risk Phrases

Acetone

Conc>=20%: Xi; R36

- Flammable liquid category 2
- Eye irritation category 2A
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) category 3

Petroleum Gases, Liquefied, Sweetened

- Gas under pressure
- Flammable gas category
- 1 Methyl Ethyl Ketone
 - Flammable liquid category 2
 - Eye irritation category 2A
 - Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) category 3

1-methoxy-2-acetoxypropane

Flammable liquid - category 3

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone

>=1%Conc<20%: Xn; R40

- Flammable liquid category 2
- Acute toxicity category 4
- Carcinogenicity category 2
- Eye irritation category 2A
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) category 3

Toluene

>=0.5%Conc<10%: T; R60; R61

- Flammable liquid category 2
- Skin irritation category 2
- Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) category 2
- Reproductive toxicity category 1A

Isopropanol

- Flammable liquid category 2
- Eye irritation category 2A
- Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) category 3

Methanol

- Flammable liquid category 2
- Acute toxicity category 3

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Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) - category 1

Ethyl Benzene

Flammable liquid - category 2Acute toxicity - category 4

Eye irritation - category 2ASkin irritation - category 2

Methyl Ethyl Ketone:

LD₅₀ Oral, Rat 2483mg/kg LC₅₀ Inhalation, Rat = 5000mg/L/4hr

1-methoxy-2-acetoxypropane: LD50 Dermal, Rabbit = 5000mg/kg

Methyl Isobutyl Ketone:

LD₅₀ Oral, Rat 2080mg/kg LD₅₀ Dermal, Rabbit = 3000mg/kg

LC₅₀ Inhalation, Rat = 2830mg/L/4hr

Toluene: LD₅₀ Oral, Rat 2600mg/kg LC₅₀ Inhalation, Rat = 13mg/L/4hr **Isopropanol:** LD₅₀ Oral, Rat 1870mg/kg LD₅₀ Dermal, Rabbit = 4059mg/kg **Ethyl Benzene:** LD₅₀ Oral, Rat 3500mg/kg LC₅₀ Inhalation, Rat = 17mg/L/4hr

Potential Health Effects

Inhalation:

Short Term Exposure: Available data indicates that this product is not harmful. However product may be mildly irritating, although unlikely to cause anything more than mild transient discomfort. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling contents of aerosol containers can be harmful or fatal.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term inhalation.

Skin Contact:

Short Term Exposure: Major health effect from this product is misuse of the aerosol function. If sprayed continuously on skin or in eyes, it can cause frostbite.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term skin exposure.

Eye Contact:

Short Term Exposure: If sprayed directly in the eye, this product will irritate. If spraying is prolonged, it may cause damage through frostbite.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term eye exposure.

Ingestion:

Short Term Exposure: This product may be irritating to mucous membranes but is unlikely to cause anything more than transient discomfort.

Long Term Exposure: No data for health effects associated with long term ingestion.

Carcinogen Status:

SWA: No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by SWA. **NTP:** No significant ingredient is classified as carcinogenic by NTP. **IARC:** Talc is Class 3 - unclassifiable as to carcinogenicity to humans.

See the IARC website for further details. A web address has not been provided as addresses frequently change.

Section 12 - Ecological Information

This product is biodegradable. It will not accumulate in the soil or water or cause long term

problems. BOD: 1.22g O₂/g (5 days)

Fish: LC50 rainbow trout: 5540mg/L LC50 bluegill sunfish: 8300mg/L

Daphnia: EC50 10mg/L (24-48 hour)

Bioconcentration factor is 1, suggesting bioconcentration in aquatic organisms is low. This was calculated using an experimental Log Kow value of -0.24

Octanol/water partition coefficient: 0.58

Section 13 - Disposal Considerations

Disposal: This product may be recycled if unused, or if it has not been contaminated so as to make it unsuitable for its intended use. If it has been contaminated, it may be possible to reclaim the product by filtration, distillation or some other means. If neither of these options is suitable in-house, consider controlled incineration, or contact a specialist waste disposal company. Do not puncture or incinerate aerosol cans, even when empty.

Section 14 - Transport Information

Dangerous according to Australian Dangerous Goods (ADG) Code, IATA and IMDG/IMSBC criteria.

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UN Number: 1950, AEROSOLS

Hazchem Code: 2YE

Special Provisions: 63, 190, 277

Limited quantities: ADG 7 specifies a Limited Quantity value of 1000mL for this class of product.

Dangerous Goods Class: Class 2.1: Flammable gases.

Packing Group: Not set Packing Instruction: P003

Class 2.1 Flammable gases shall not be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 1 (Explosives), 3 (Flammable Liquids) (where both flammable liquids and flammable gases are in bulk), 4.1 (Flammable Solids), 4.2 (Spontaneously Combustible Substances), 4.3 (Dangerous When Wet Substances), 5.1 (Oxidising Agents), 5.2 (Organic Peroxides), and 7 (Radioactive Substances). They may however be loaded in the same vehicle or packed in the same freight container with Classes 2.2 (Non-flammable Non-Toxic gases), 3 (Flammable liquids except where both flammable liquids and flammable gases are in bulk), 6 (Toxic Substances), 8 (Corrosive Substances) 9 (Miscellaneous dangerous goods), Foodstuffs and foodstuff empties.

Section 15 - Regulatory Information

Australia: AIIC (Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals) All the ingredients are listed or exempt.

Section 16 - Other Information

This SDS contains only safety-related information. For other data see product literature.

Acronyms:

IARC

ADG Code Australian Code for the Transport of Dangerous Goods by Road and Rail (7th edition)

AllC Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals
SWA Safe Work Australia, formerly ASCC and NOHSC
CAS number Chemical Abstracts Service Registry Number

Hazchem Code Emergency action code of numbers and letters that provide information to

emergency services especially firefighters International Agency for Research on Cancer

NOS Not otherwise specified

NTP National Toxicology Program (USA)

R-Phrase Risk Phrase

SUSMP Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines & Poisons

UN Number United Nations Number

THIS SDS SUMMARISES OUR BEST KNOWLEDGE OF THE HEALTH AND SAFETY HAZARD INFORMATION OF THE PRODUCT AND HOW TO SAFELY HANDLE AND USE THE PRODUCT IN THE WORKPLACE. EACH USER MUST REVIEW THIS SDS IN THE CONTEXT OF HOW THE PRODUCT WILL BE HANDLED AND USED IN THE WORKPLACE.

IF CLARIFICATION OR FURTHER INFORMATION IS NEEDED TO ENSURE THAT AN APPROPRIATE RISK ASSESSMENT CAN BE MADE, THE USER SHOULD CONTACT THIS COMPANY SO WE CAN ATTEMPT TO OBTAIN ADDITIONAL INFORMATION FROM OUR SUPPLIERS OUR RESPONSIBILITY FOR PRODUCTS SOLD IS SUBJECT TO OUR STANDARD TERMS AND CONDITIONS, A COPY OF WHICH IS SENT TO OUR CUSTOMERS AND IS ALSO AVAILABLE ON REQUEST.

Please read all labels carefully before using product.

This SDS is prepared in accord with the SWA document "Preparation of Safety Data Sheets for Hazardous Chemicals - Code of Practice" (Feb 2016)