

POR-15 CALIPER PAINT KIT RED Flyleaf

Date of compilation: 2024-03-05

Bill of materials

Name of substance	Identifier	Number of pieces	Classification acc. to GHS	Pictograms	Page
POR-15 GLOSS BLACK		1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Resp. Sens. 1 / H334 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT RE 2 / H373 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		2 - 21
POR-15 CALIPER PAINT RED		1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304		22 - 42
POR-15 CLEANER DE- GREASER		1	Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		43 - 53
POR-15 METAL PREP		1	Skin Corr. 1 / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318		54 – 65



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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name POR-15 GLOSS BLACK

Product code(s) 45001, 45004, 45005, 45008, 45032, 45055, 45006,

245006, 245004, 245001

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Paint

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail (competent person) support@porproducts.com

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: Supplier of Product: Sydney Automotive Paints &

P.O.R. Products: Equipment Pty Ltd 38 Portman Road: A3/ 366 Edgar Street

New Rochelle: Condell Park, NSW 2200 Australia

NY 10801: +61 2 9772 9000: United States:

support@porproducts.com: www.porproducts.com:

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Australia (Mon - Fri, 08:00-16:00 AEST) General Medical Information: +61 2 9772 9000

Transport Information: +61 2 9772 9000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	3	Flam. Liq. 3	H226
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	3	Acute Tox. 3	H331
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	2	Skin Irrit. 2	H315
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	2	Eye Irrit. 2	H319
3.4R	respiratory sensitisation	1	Resp. Sens. 1	H334
3.45	skin sensitisation	1	Skin Sens. 1	H317
3.5	germ cell mutagenicity	1B	Muta. 1B	H340
3.6	carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350
3.8R	specific target organ toxicity - single exposure (respiratory tract irritation)	3	STOT SE 3	H335
3.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	2	STOT RE 2	H373

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Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.10	aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
4.1A	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	2	Aquatic Acute 2	H401
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

H350

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS06, GHS08







- Hazard statements

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H340	May cause genetic defects.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

shower.

May cause cancer.

- Precautionary statements

P303+P361+P353

P201	Obtain special instructions before use.
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P240	Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.
P242	Use non-sparking tools.
P243	Take action to prevent static discharges.
P260	Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P271	Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.
P284	In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.
P301+P310	IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.

IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

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- Precautionary statements

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P342+P311 If experiencing respiratory symptoms: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P362+P364 Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P403+P233 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom., 4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate, 1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl)-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene, 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene,

methylenediphenyl diisocyanate

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	CAS No 26447-40-5	25 - < 50	Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Resp. Sens. 1 / H334 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Carc. 2 / H351 STOT SE 3 / H373
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	CAS No 64742-95-6	10 - < 25	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	CAS No 64742-48-9	10 - < 25	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401
Polyurethane Pre Polymer	CAS No 38639-88-2	5 – < 10	
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocy- anate	CAS No 101-68-8	5-<10	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 2 / H330 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Resp. Sens. 1 / H334 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Carc. 2 / H351 STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT RE 2 / H373
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	CAS No 95-63-6	5 – < 10	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 STOT SE 3 / H335 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	CAS No 26447-40-5	1-<5	Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Resp. Sens. 1 / H334 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Carc. 2 / H351 STOT SE 3 / H335 STOT RE 2 / H373
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}m ethyl)-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	CAS No 9016-87-9	1-<5	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 2 / H330
Polymethylene polyphenylene iso- cyanate	CAS No 9016-87-9 32055-14-4	1-<5	
Carbon black	CAS No 1333-86-4	1-<5	Aquatic Chronic 4 / H413
cumene	CAS No 98-82-8	0.1 - < 1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 STOT SE 3 / H335 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
acetaldehyde	CAS No 75-07-0	0 - < 0.1	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Muta. 2 / H341 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT SE 3 / H335 Aquatic Acute 3 / H402
propylene oxide	CAS No 75-56-9	0 - < 0.1	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 3 / H311 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT SE 3 / H335 Aquatic Acute 3 / H402 Aquatic Chronic 3 / H412

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

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SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

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SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]		Ceiling-C [mg/m³]		Source
AU	4,4'-methylenedi- phenyl diisocy- anate (4,4'-diphen- ylmethanediisocy- anate) (4,4'-MDI)	101-68-8	WES	0.02		0.07		NCO	WES

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Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	carbon black	1333-86-4	WES		3					WES
AU	white spirit (miner- al turpentine)	64742-48-9	WES		480					WES
AU	acetaldehyde	75-07-0	WES	20	36	50	91			WES
AU	1,2-epoxypropane (propylene oxide)	75-56-9	WES	20	48					WES
AU	cumene (isopropyl- benzene)	98-82-8	WES	25	125	75	375		Н	WES

Notation

Ceiling-C

H NCO

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur absorbed through the skin measured total-NCO (isocyanate) short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period (unless otherwise specified) STEL

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
4,4'-methylenediphen- yl diisocyanate	101-68-8	DNEL	0.05 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
4,4'-methylenediphen- yl diisocyanate	101-68-8	DNEL	0.1 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	DNEL	100 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	DNEL	100 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	DNEL	100 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	DNEL	100 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	DNEL	16,171 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl]-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	DNEL	0.05 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects

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Relevant DNELs of components

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Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl)-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	DNEL	0.1 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
Polymethylene poly- phenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9 32055-14-4	DNEL	0.05 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
Polymethylene poly- phenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9 32055-14-4	DNEL	0.1 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
cumene	98-82-8	DNEL	100 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
cumene	98-82-8	DNEL	250 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
cumene	98-82-8	DNEL	15.4 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
propylene oxide	75-56-9	DNEL	2.4 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
propylene oxide	75-56-9	DNEL	170 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects

Relevant PNECs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
4,4'-methylenediphen- yl diisocyanate	101-68-8	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
4,4'-methylenediphen- yl diisocyanate	101-68-8	PNEC	0.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
4,4'-methylenediphen- yl diisocyanate	101-68-8	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
4,4'-methylenediphen- yl diisocyanate	101-68-8	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	PNEC	0.12 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	PNEC	0.12 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	PNEC	2.41 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	PNEC	13.56 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components

Relevant PNECS of Components						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	PNEC	13.56 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	PNEC	2.34 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl]-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl]-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	PNEC	0.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl)-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single instance)
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl]-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	PNEC	1 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)
Polymethylene poly- phenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9 32055-14-4	PNEC	3.7 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
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Relevant PNECs of components

	<u>'</u>					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
Polymethylene poly- phenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9 32055-14-4	PNEC	0.37 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
Polymethylene poly- phenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9 32055-14-4	PNEC	11.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
Polymethylene poly- phenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9 32055-14-4	PNEC	1.17 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
Polymethylene poly- phenylene isocyanate	9016-87-9 32055-14-4	PNEC	2.33 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)
cumene	98-82-8	PNEC	0.035 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
cumene	98-82-8	PNEC	0.004 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
cumene	98-82-8	PNEC	200 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
cumene	98-82-8	PNEC	3.22 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
cumene	98-82-8	PNEC	0.322 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
cumene	98-82-8	PNEC	0.624 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)
propylene oxide	75-56-9	PNEC	0.052 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
propylene oxide	75-56-9	PNEC	0.005 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
propylene oxide	75-56-9	PNEC	10 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
propylene oxide	75-56-9	PNEC	0.245 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
propylene oxide	75-56-9	PNEC	0.025 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
propylene oxide	75-56-9	PNEC	0.019 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)
						•

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

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Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	310.1 °F at 101.3 kPa
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	1.4 vol% - 7.6 vol%
Flash point	43.5 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	183 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapour pressure	≤240 kPa at 37.8 °C
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Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available

9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information	
Other safety characteristics		
Solid content	10.4 %	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

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SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Toxic if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Inhalation: vapour >9.412 ^{mg}/_I/4h

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
Methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	26447-40-5	inhalation: vapour	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6	dermal	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	dermal	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	oral	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	inhalation: dust/mist	0.368 ^{mg} / _l /4h
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	inhalation: vapour	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h
methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	26447-40-5	inhalation: vapour	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl)-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	oral	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl)-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	inhalation: vapour	>0.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl)-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	inhalation: dust/mist	0.368 ^{mg} / _I /4h
propylene oxide	75-56-9	oral	382 ^{mg} / _{kg}
propylene oxide	75-56-9	dermal	300 ^{mg} / _{kg}
propylene oxide	75-56-9	inhalation: vapour	3 ^{mg} / _l /4h

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes skin irritation.

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye irritation.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled. May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

May cause respiratory irritation.

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

,	<u> </u>				
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Solvent naphtha (petro- leum), light arom.	64742-95-6	LL50	8.2 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Solvent naphtha (petro- leum), light arom.	64742-95-6	EL50	4.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	LL50	8.2 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EL50	4.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	LC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	EC50	129.7 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	LC50	7.72 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	EC50	2.356 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

4							
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time		
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocy- anato-3-[(4-isocy- anatophenyl)methyl]phe nyl}methyl)-4-[(4-isocy- anatophenyl)methyl]ben- zene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4- isocyanatophenyl)methyl] benzene; 1-isocyanato-4- [(4- isocyanatophenyl)methyl] benzene	9016-87-9	LC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h		
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	EC50	129.7 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h		
Carbon black	1333-86-4	EC50	>5,600 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h		
Carbon black	1333-86-4	ErC50	>10,000 ^{mg} / _I	algae	72 h		
cumene	98-82-8	LC50	4.7 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h		
cumene	98-82-8	EC50	2.14 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h		
cumene	98-82-8	ErC50	2.01 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h		
acetaldehyde	75-07-0	EC50	48.3 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	48 h		
propylene oxide	75-56-9	LC50	52 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h		
propylene oxide	75-56-9	EC50	650 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	24 h		
propylene oxide	75-56-9	ErC50	240 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h		

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Solvent naphtha (petro- leum), light arom.	64742-95-6	EL50	10 ^{mg} / _l	fish	21 d
Solvent naphtha (petro- leum), light arom.	64742-95-6	EC50	15.41 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EL50	10 ^{mg} / _l	fish	21 d
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EC50	15.41 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h

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Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

	<u> </u>				
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	ErC50	>1,640 ^{mg} / _l	algae	3 d
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocy- anato-3-[(4-isocy- anatophenyl)methyl]phe nyl}methyl)-4-[(4-isocy- anatophenyl)methyl]ben- zene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4- isocyanatophenyl)methyl] benzene; 1-isocyanato-4- [(4- isocyanatophenyl)methyl] benzene	9016-87-9	ErC50	>1,640 ^{mg} / _l	algae	3 d
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h
cumene	98-82-8	EC50	1.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
cumene	98-82-8	LC50	>3 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
acetaldehyde	75-07-0	ErC50	≤249 ^{mg} / _l	algae	5 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
cumene	98-82-8	oxygen depletion	70 %	20 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
4,4'-methylenediphenyl diisocyanate	101-68-8	92	4.51 (pH value: ~7, 22 °C)	
1,2,4-trimethylbenzene	95-63-6	243		

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Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
1-isocyanato-2-({4-isocyanato-3-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]phenyl}me thyl)-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-2-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene; 1-isocyanato-4-[(4-isocyanatophenyl)methyl]benzene	9016-87-9	92	4.51 (pH value: ~7, 22 °C)	
Polymethylene polyphenylene isocy- anate	9016-87-9 32055-14-4		4.52 (pH value: ~7, 22 °C)	
cumene	98-82-8	94.69	3.55 (23 °C)	
acetaldehyde	75-07-0		0.63	
propylene oxide	75-56-9		<1 (pH value: 6.8, 20 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	ıι	IN	nu	ml	ber

UN RTDG	UN 1263
IMDG-Code	UN 1263
ICAO-TI	UN 1263
ADG	UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	PAINT
IMDG-Code	PAINT
ICAO-TI	Paint
ADG	PAINT

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG	3
IMDG-Code	3
ICAO-TI	3
ADG	3

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III
ADG	III

14.5 Environmental hazards non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the danger-

ous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

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National regulations (Australia)

AIIC-Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances				
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No			
Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-	26447-40-5			
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9			
Solvent naphtha (petroleum), light arom.	64742-95-6			
acetaldehyde	75-07-0			
Oxirane, methyl-	75-56-9			
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	9016-87-9			
Benzene, 1,2,4-trimethyl-	95-63-6			
Benzene, (1-methylethyl)-	98-82-8			
Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[4-isocyanato-	101-68-8			
carbon black	1333-86-4			
Isocyanic acid, polymethylenepolyphenylene ester	9016-87-9			
Benzene, 1,1'-methylenebis[isocyanato-	26447-40-5			

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADG-Australian Dangerous Goods Code. AICIS-Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. AIIC-Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Key literature references and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name POR-15 CALIPER PAINT RED

Product code(s) 42806

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses Paint

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail (competent person) support@porproducts.com

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer:

P.O.R. Products: 38 Portman Road: New Rochelle:

NY 10801: United States:

support@porproducts.com: www.porproducts.com:

Supplier of Product: Sydney Automotive Paints &

Equipment Pty Ltd A3/ 366 Edgar Street

Condell Park, NSW 2200 Australia

+61 2 9772 9000:

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Australia (Mon - Fri, 08:00-16:00 AEST) General Medical Information: +61 2 9772 9000

Transport Information: +61 2 9772 9000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
2.6	flammable liquid	1	Flam. Liq. 1	H224
3.1I	acute toxicity (inhal.)	4	Acute Tox. 4	H332
3.5	germ cell mutagenicity	1B	Muta. 1B	H340
3.6	carcinogenicity	1A	Carc. 1A	H350
3.9	specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure	1	STOT RE 1	H372
3.10	aspiration hazard	1	Asp. Tox. 1	H304
4.1A	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	1	Aquatic Acute 1	H400
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	1	Aquatic Chronic 1	H410

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

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The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Delayed or immediate effects can be expected after short or long-term exposure. The product is combustible and can be ignited by potential ignition sources. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS02, GHS07, GHS08,

GHS09









- Hazard statements

H224 Extremely flammable liquid and vapour. H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H332 Harmful if inhaled. H340 May cause genetic defects.

H350 May cause cancer.

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements

P201 Obtain special instructions before use.

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P233 Keep container tightly closed.

P240 Ground and bond container and receiving equipment.
P241 Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting equipment.

P242 Use non-sparking tools.

P243 Take action to prevent static discharges.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.
P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.
P271 Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.

P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P312 Call a POISON CENTER/doctor if you feel unwell.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P370+P378 In case of fire: Use sand, carbon dioxide or powder extinguisher to extinguish.

P391 Collect spillage.

P403+P235 Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling

stoddard solvent, Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy, 2-butanone oxime, Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light

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2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
alkyd resin	CAS No 63148-69-6	50 - < 75	
stoddard solvent	CAS No 8052-41-3	25 - < 50	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 1 / H410
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	CAS No 108-65-6	1-<5	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 5 / H313
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	CAS No 64742-48-9	1-<5	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401
Diiron trioxide	CAS No 1309-37-1	1-<5	
Distillates (petroleum), hydro- treated light	CAS No 64742-47-8	0.1 - < 1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411
Soy Lecithin, Superior # 5, Superior DB	CAS No 8002-43-5	0.1 - < 1	
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	CAS No 22464-99-9	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Aquatic Acute 1 / H400
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	CAS No 136-52-7	0.1 - < 1	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
2-butanone oxime	CAS No 96-29-7	0.1 - < 1	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Dam. 1 / H318 Skin Sens. 1 / H317 Carc. 1B / H350 STOT SE 1 / H370 STOT SE 3 / H336 STOT RE 2 / H373 Aquatic Acute 3 / H402
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesul- phurized heavy	CAS No 64742-82-1	0 - < 0.1	Flam. Liq. 1 / H224 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Muta. 1B / H340 Carc. 1A / H350 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401
xylene	CAS No 1330-20-7	0 - < 0.1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 4 / H312 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	CAS No 112-34-5	0 - < 0.1	Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319
ethyl benzene	CAS No 100-41-4	0 - < 0.1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 5 / H303 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 STOT RE 2 / H373 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411
naphthalene	CAS No 91-20-3	0 - < 0.1	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 1 / H330 Carc. 2 / H351 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medi- um aliph.	CAS No 64742-88-7	0 - < 0.1	Flam. Liq. 3 / H226 Acute Tox. 5 / H313 Acute Tox. 3 / H331 STOT RE 1 / H372 Asp. Tox. 1 / H304 Aquatic Acute 2 / H401 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

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SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

In case of insufficient ventilation and/or in use, may form flammable/explosive vapour-air mixture. Solvent vapours are heavier than air and may spread along floors. Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures.

Hazardous combustion products

Nitrogen oxides (NOx), Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

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SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Avoidance of ignition sources. Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Due to danger of explosion, prevent leakage of vapours into cellars, flues and ditches. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools.

- Specific notes/details

Places which are not ventilated, e.g. unventilated below ground level areas such as trenches, conduits and shafts, are particularly prone to the presence of flammable substances or mixtures. Vapours are heavier than air, spread along floors and form explosive mixtures with air. Vapours may form explosive mixtures with air.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Managing of associated risks

- Explosive atmospheres

Keep container tightly closed and in a well-ventilated place. Use local and general ventilation. Keep cool. Protect from sunlight.

- Flammability hazards

Keep away from sources of ignition - No smoking. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Protect from sunlight.

- Ventilation requirements

Keep any substance that emits harmful vapours or gases in a place that allows these to be permanently extracted. Use local and general ventilation. Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [ppm]	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [ppm]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Nota- tion	Source
AU	ethylbenzene	100-41-4	WES	100	434	125	543				WES
AU	1-methoxy-2-pro- panol acetate	108-65-6	WES	50	274	100	548			Н	WES
AU	iron(III) oxide (diiron trioxide)	1309-37-1	WES		5					Fe, fume	WES
AU	rouge	1309-37-1	WES		10					i, noAsb_l ess1Sil, dust	WES
AU	xylene, mixture of isomers	1330-20-7	WES	80	350	150	655				WES
AU	white spirit (miner- al turpentine)	64742-48-9	WES		480						WES
AU	stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	WES		790						WES
AU	naphthalene	91-20-3	WES	10	52	15	79				WES

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

dust as dust

Fe calculated as Fe (iron)

fume as fume

H absorbed through the skin

i inhalable fraction

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Notation

noAsb_less1S contains no asbestos and less than 1% free crystalline silica

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period

(unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	44 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	55 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	44 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	55 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	80 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	DNEL	30 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	DNEL	275 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	DNEL	550 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	DNEL	796 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate	136-52-7	DNEL	235.1 μg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	9 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	3.33 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	1.3 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DNEL	2.5 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
xylene	1330-20-7	DNEL	221 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
xylene	1330-20-7	DNEL	442 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
xylene	1330-20-7	DNEL	221 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
xylene	1330-20-7	DNEL	442 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
xylene	1330-20-7	DNEL	212 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects

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Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)eth- anol	112-34-5	DNEL	67.5 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)eth- anol	112-34-5	DNEL	67.5 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)eth- anol	112-34-5	DNEL	101.2 mg/m ³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)eth- anol	112-34-5	DNEL	83 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	DNEL	77 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	DNEL	293 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	DNEL	180 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
naphthalene	91-20-3	DNEL	25 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
naphthalene	91-20-3	DNEL	25 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
naphthalene	91-20-3	DNEL	3.57 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects

Relevant PNECs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.14 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.35 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	1.14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	PNEC	0.14 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	0.635 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	0.064 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
2-methoxy-1-methyl- ethyl acetate	108-65-6	PNEC	3.29 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components

$ \begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	n (single in- nce)
ethyl acetate	n (single in- n (single in- n (single in- nce) n (single in- nce)
ethyl acetate isms star Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex-anoate 136-52-7 PNEC $0.62 ^{\mu g}/_{I}$ aquatic organisms freshwater short-term star Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex-anoate 136-52-7 PNEC $0.37 ^{\mu g}/_{I}$ aquatic organisms marine water short-term star Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex-anoate 136-52-7 PNEC $0.37 ^{\mu g}/_{I}$ aquatic organisms sewage treatment plant (STP) short-term star	n (single in- n (single in- n (single in- nce)
anoate star Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate 136-52-7 PNEC 2.36 \(\frac{\text{\mu}g}{I} \) aquatic organisms marine water short-term star Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate 136-52-7 PNEC 0.37 \(\frac{\text{mg}}{I} \) aquatic organisms sewage treatment plant (STP) star	nce) n (single in- nce) n (single in- nce)
anoate star Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate 136-52-7 PNEC 0.37 mg/ _I aquatic organisms sewage treatment plant (STP) star	nce) n (single in- nce)
anoate plant (STP) star	nce)
Cohalt(II) 2-ethylhex- 136-52-7 PNFC 53.8 mg/ _{L-} aquatic organisms freshwater sediment short-term	
	n (single in- nce)
xylene 1330-20-7 PNEC 2.31 ^{mg} / _{kg} terrestrial organ- isms soil short-term	n (single in- nce)
	n (single in- nce)
	n (single in- nce)
	n (single in- nce)
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)eth- anol 112-34-5 PNEC 4.4 ^{mg} / _{kg} aquatic organisms freshwater sediment short-term	n (single in- nce)

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Relevant PNECs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)eth- anol	112-34-5	PNEC	0.44 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)eth- anol	112-34-5	PNEC	0.32 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	PNEC	0.1 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single in- stance)
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	PNEC	0.01 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	PNEC	9.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	PNEC	13.7 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	PNEC	1.37 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	PNEC	2.68 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	≥-20 °C at 101.3 kPa
Flammability	flammable liquid in accordance with GHS criteria
Lower and upper explosion limit	1.4 vol% - 7.6 vol%
Flash point	40 °C
Auto-ignition temperature	232 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	not determined
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value) this information is not available	Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapour pressure	≤240 kPa at 37.8 °C
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Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available

raticle characteristics not relevant (iiquid)	Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	there is no additional information	
Other safety characteristics		
Solid content	0.3314 %	

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials". The mixture contains reactive substance(s). Risk of ignition.

If heated:

Risk of ignition

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

Hints to prevent fire or explosion

Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment. Use only non-sparking tools. Take precautionary measures against static discharge.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Harmful if inhaled.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Inhalation: vapour >15.94 ^{mg}/_l/4h

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Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE		
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	dermal	>3,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}		
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	inhalation: vapour >5.5 ^{mg} / _l /4h			
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	dermal >2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9	dermal	>2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}		
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	dermal >2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	inhalation: vapour >5.28 ^{mg} / _l /4h			
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	oral 2,043 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	dermal >2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	inhalation: dust/mist >4.3 ^{mg} / _l /4h			
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	oral 3,129 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	oral 2,326 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	dermal	>1,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}		
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	inhalation: vapour	on: vapour >4.83 ^{mg} / _l /4h		
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	dermal	dermal >2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}		
xylene	1330-20-7	oral 3,523 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
xylene	1330-20-7	dermal 1,100 ^{mg} / _{kg}		dermal 1,100 ^{mg} / _{kg}	
xylene	1330-20-7	inhalation: vapour 11 ^{mg} / _/ /4h			
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	oral 2,410 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5	dermal 2,764 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	oral 3,500 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	inhalation: vapour 11 ^{mg} / _ا /4h			
naphthalene	91-20-3	oral 710 ^{mg} / _{kg}		oral 710 ^{mg} / _{kg}	
naphthalene	91-20-3	inhalation: vapour >0.4 ^{mg} /ا/4h			
naphthalene	91-20-3	inhalation: dust/mist >0.005 ^{mg} / _l /4h			
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	dermal >2,000 ^{mg} / _{kg}			
solvent naphtha (petroleum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	inhalation: vapour	>5.28 ^{mg} / _l /4h		

Skin corrosion/irritation

Shall not be classified as corrosive/irritant to skin.

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Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Shall not be classified as seriously damaging to the eye or eye irritant.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

May cause genetic defects.

Carcinogenicity

May cause cancer.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

Aspiration hazard

May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	LC50	0.18 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	LL50	41.4 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EL50	2.5 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EC50	0.58 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	LC50	180 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	EC50	>500 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	ErC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	LL50	8.2 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h

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Version number: GHS 4.0 Revision: 2024-02-20 (GHS 3)

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EL50	4.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	LL50	5 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	EL50	1.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	LC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	LL50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	EC50	>0.17 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	ErC50	49.3 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate	136-52-7	LC50	54.1 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate	136-52-7	EC50	2,618 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate	136-52-7	ErC50	71,314 ^{µg} / _l	algae	96 h
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	LC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	EC50	201 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	ErC50	11.8 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	LL50	8.2 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
naphtha (petroleum), hy- drodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	EL50	4.5 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
xylene	1330-20-7	LC50	8.4 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
xylene	1330-20-7	EC50	4.9 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
xylene	1330-20-7	ErC50	4.7 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethan- ol	112-34-5	LC50	1,300 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethan- ol	112-34-5	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethan- ol	112-34-5	ErC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	algae	96 h
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	LC50	7 ^{mg} / _l	fish	24 h
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	EC50	2.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

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Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
naphthalene	91-20-3	LC50	1.6 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
naphthalene	91-20-3	EC50	2.16 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
solvent naphtha (petro- leum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	LL50	5 ^{mg} / _l	fish	96 h
solvent naphtha (petro- leum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	EL50	1.4 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EL50	1.19 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3	EC50	0.33 ^{mg} / _I	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	LC50	63.5 ^{mg} / _l	fish	14 d
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EL50	10 ^{mg} / _l	fish	21 d
Naphtha (petroleum), hy- drotreated heavy	64742-48-9	EC50	15.41 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h
Distillates (petroleum), hydro-treated light	64742-47-8	EL50	0.89 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zir- conium salt	22464-99-9	EC50	75 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate	136-52-7	LC50	41,625 ^{µg} / _l	fish	28 d
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhex- anoate	136-52-7	EC50	82.2 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	EC50	≥100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	EL50	10 ^{mg} / _l	fish	21 d
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesulphurized heavy	64742-82-1	EC50	15.41 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	40 h
xylene	1330-20-7	EL50	2.9 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d
xylene	1330-20-7	ErC50	4.36 ^{mg} / _l	algae	73 h
xylene	1330-20-7	EC50	2.2 ^{mg} / _l	algae	73 h
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	LC50	3.6 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	7 d

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Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
naphthalene	91-20-3	EC50	2.96 ^{mg} / _l	algae	4 h
solvent naphtha (petro- leum), medium aliph.	64742-88-7	EL50	0.89 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	21 d

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Degradability of components

Name of sub- stance	CAS No	Process	Degradation rate	Time	Method	Source
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acet- ate	108-65-6	carbon dioxide generation	90 %	28 d		ECHA
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acet- ate	108-65-6	oxygen depletion	60 %	5.9 d		ECHA
2-methoxy-1- methylethyl acet- ate	108-65-6	DOC removal	99 %	28 d		ECHA
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	DOC removal	99 %	28 d		ECHA
2-ethylhexanoic acid, zirconium salt	22464-99-9	carbon dioxide generation	46.54 %	10 d		ECHA
Cobalt(II) 2-ethyl- hexanoate	136-52-7	carbon dioxide generation	60 %	10 d		ECHA
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	DOC removal	35 %	5 d		ECHA
xylene	1330-20-7	oxygen depletion	98 %	28 d		ECHA
2-(2-butoxyeth- oxy)ethanol	112-34-5	oxygen depletion	85 %	28 d		ECHA
naphthalene	91-20-3	oxygen depletion	>74 %	28 d		ECHA

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3		3.5 (20 °C)	
2-methoxy-1-methylethyl acetate	108-65-6		1.2 (pH value: 6.8, 20 °C)	

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Bioaccumulative potential of com	ponents
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Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
Cobalt(II) 2-ethylhexanoate	136-52-7	23		
2-butanone oxime	96-29-7	≥0.5 - ≤0.6	0.63	
naphtha (petroleum), hydrodesul- phurized heavy	64742-82-1	10 – 2,500		
xylene	1330-20-7	>5.5 - <12.2	3.2 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	
2-(2-butoxyethoxy)ethanol	112-34-5		1 (pH value: 7, 20 °C)	
ethyl benzene	100-41-4	1	3.6 (pH value: 7.84, 20 °C)	
naphthalene	91-20-3	36.5 – 168	3.4 (25 °C)	

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Waste treatment-relevant information

Solvent reclamation/regeneration.

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

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SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1	UN	num	ber
17.1	OIA	HUMILI	vei

UN RTDG	UN 1263
IMDG-Code	UN 1263
ICAO-TI	UN 1263
ADG	UN 1263

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG	PAINT
IMDG-Code	PAINT
ICAO-TI	Paint
ADG	PAINT

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG	3
IMDG-Code	3
ICAO-TI	3
ADG	3

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG	III
IMDG-Code	III
ICAO-TI	III
ADG	III

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic	stoddard solvent
environment)	

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

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National regulations (Australia)

AIIC-Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances					
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No				
benzene, ethyl-	100-41-4				
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, cobalt(2+) salt	136-52-7				
Hexanoic acid, 2-ethyl-, zirconium salt	22464-99-9				
Distillates (petroleum), hydrotreated light	64742-47-8				
Naphtha (petroleum), hydrotreated heavy	64742-48-9				
stoddard solvent	8052-41-3				
naphthalene	91-20-3				
2-Butanone, oxime	96-29-7				
ethanol, 2-(2-butoxyethoxy)-	112-34-5				
2-Propanol, 1-methoxy-, acetate	108-65-6				
benzene, dimethyl-	1330-20-7				

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADG-Australian Dangerous Goods Code. AICIS-Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. AIIC-Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Key literature references and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name POR-15 CLEANER DEGREASER

Product code(s) 40101, 40104, 40116, 40155, 240101, 240104

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses General use

Uses advised against Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

for products which come into direct contact with

the skin.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail (competent person) support@porproducts.com

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: Supplier of Product: Sydney Automotive Paints &

P.O.R. Products: Equipment Pty Ltd 38 Portman Road: A3/ 366 Edgar Street

New Rochelle: Condell Park, NSW 2200 Australia NY 10801: +61 2 9772 9000:

United States:

support@porproducts.com: www.porproducts.com:

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Australia (Mon - Fri, 08:00-16:00 AEST) General Medical Information: +61 2 9772 9000

Transport Information: +61 2 9772 9000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.10	acute toxicity (oral)	5	Acute Tox. 5	H303
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1A	Skin Corr. 1A	H314
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis.

2.2 Label elements

Labelling

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- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS05



- Hazard statements

H303 May be harmful if swallowed.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

- Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling potassium hydroxide, 2-butoxyethanol

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
water	CAS No 7732-18-5	≥90	
potassium hydroxide	CAS No 1310-58-3	5 – < 10	Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Skin Corr. 1A / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
2-butoxyethanol	CAS No 111-76-2	1-<5	Flam. Liq. 4 / H227 Acute Tox. 4 / H302 Acute Tox. 4 / H332 Skin Irrit. 2 / H315 Eye Irrit. 2 / H319
Alcohols C6-C12 Ethoxylated	CAS No 68439-45-2	1-<5	

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

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Hazardous combustion products

Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas.

Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

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7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Control of effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

frost

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits)

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier		TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]	STEL [mg/m³]	Ceiling-C [mg/m³]		Source
AU	2-butoxyethanol (butyl cellosolve) (butyl glycol) (ethyl- ene glycol monobutyl ether)	111-76-2	WES	20	96.9	50	242		Н	WES
AU	potassium hydrox- ide	1310-58-3	WES					2		WES

Notation

Ceiling-C ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

H absorbed through the skin

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period

(unless otherwise specified)

TWA time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	DNEL	1 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - local effects
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	DNEL	98 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	DNEL	1,091 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	DNEL	246 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	acute - local effects
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	DNEL	125 mg/kg bw/day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic effects
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	DNEL	89 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	acute - systemic ef- fects

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Relevant PNECs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental compartment	Exposure time
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	8.8 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	0.88 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single in- stance)
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	463 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	34.6 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	3.46 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	PNEC	2.33 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single instance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

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SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	100 °C
Flammability	this material is combustible, but will not ignite readily
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	97 °C at 1,013 hPa
Auto-ignition temperature	230 °C (auto-ignition temperature (liquids and gases))
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	11
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	not determined

Partition coefficient

Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
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Vapour pressure	0.8 hPa at 20 °C

Density and/or relative density

Density	not determined		
Relative vapour density	8.67 (air = 1)		

Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)
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9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant					
Other safety characteristics						
Solid content	6 %					

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

Oxidisers

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

May be harmful if swallowed.

- Acute toxicity estimate (ATE)

Oral $4,965 \, ^{mg}/_{kg}$

Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE
potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3	oral	333 ^{mg} / _{kg}
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	oral	1,414 ^{mg} / _{kg}

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Acute toxicity estimate (ATE) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Exposure route	ATE	
2-butoxyethanol	111-76-2	inhalation: vapour	11 ^{mg} / _l /4h	

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Shall not be classified as hazardous to the aquatic environment.

12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

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12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

	•	
14.1	UN number	
	UN RTDG	UN 1814
	IMDG-Code	UN 1814
	ICAO-TI	UN 1814
	ADG	UN 1814
14.2	UN proper shipping name	
	UN RTDG	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
	IMDG-Code	POTASSIUM HYDROXIDE SOLUTION
	ICAO-TI	Potassium hydroxide solution
	ADG	PAINT
14.3	Transport hazard class(es)	
	UN RTDG	8
	IMDG-Code	8
	ICAO-TI	8
	ADG	8
14.4	Packing group	
	UN RTDG	II
	IMDG-Code	II
	ICAO-TI	II
	ADG	II

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14.5 Environmental hazards

non-environmentally hazardous acc. to the dangerous goods regulations

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations (Australia)

AIIC-Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances					
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No				
water	7732-18-5				
Ethanol, 2-butoxy-	111-76-2				
potassium hydroxide	1310-58-3				
alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated	68439-45-2				

15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADG-Australian Dangerous Goods Code. AICIS-Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. AIIC-Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Key literature references and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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SECTION 1: Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name POR-15 METAL PREP

Product code(s) 40201, 40204, 40216, 40255, 240201, 240204

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses General use

Uses advised against Do not use for squirting or spraying. Do not use

for products which come into direct contact with

the skin.

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

e-mail (competent person) support@porproducts.com

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Manufacturer: Supplier of Product: Sydney Automotive Paints &

P.O.R. Products: Equipment Pty Ltd 38 Portman Road: A3/ 366 Edgar Street

New Rochelle: Condell Park, NSW 2200 Australia

NY 10801: +61 2 9772 9000: United States:

support@porproducts.com:
www.porproducts.com:

1.4 Emergency telephone number

Australia (Mon - Fri, 08:00-16:00 AEST) General Medical Information: +61 2 9772 9000

Transport Information: +61 2 9772 9000

SECTION 2: Hazards identification

2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification acc. to GHS

Section	Hazard class	Category	Hazard class and cat- egory	Hazard state- ment
3.2	skin corrosion/irritation	1	Skin Corr. 1	H314
3.3	serious eye damage/eye irritation	1	Eye Dam. 1	H318
4.1A	hazardous to the aquatic environment - acute hazard	2	Aquatic Acute 2	H401
4.1C	hazardous to the aquatic environment - chronic hazard	3	Aquatic Chronic 3	H412

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16.

The most important adverse physicochemical, human health and environmental effects

Skin corrosion produces an irreversible damage to the skin; namely, visible necrosis through the epidermis and into the dermis. Spillage and fire water can cause pollution of watercourses.

2.2 Label elements

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Labelling

- Signal word danger

- Pictograms

GHS05



- Hazard statements

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

- Precautionary statements

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P103 Read carefully and follow all instructions.

P260 Do not breathe dusts or mists.
P273 Avoid release to the environment.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection/hearing protection.

P301+P330+P331 IF SWALLOWED: Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting.

P303+P361+P353 IF ON SKIN (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water or

shower.

P304+P340 IF INHALED: Remove person to fresh air and keep comfortable for breathing.

P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present

and easy to do. Continue rinsing.

P310 Immediately call a POISON CENTER/doctor.
P321 Specific treatment (see on this label).
P363 Wash contaminated clothing before reuse.

P405 Store locked up.

P501 Dispose of contents/container to industrial combustion plant.

- Hazardous ingredients for labelling phosphoric acid ... %

2.3 Other hazards

Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of \geq 0,1%.

SECTION 3: Composition/information on ingredients

3.1 Substances

Not relevant (mixture)

3.2 Mixtures

Description of the mixture

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Name of substance	Identifier	Wt%	Classification acc. to GHS
water	CAS No 7732-18-5	75 – < 90	
phosphoric acid %	CAS No 7664-38-2	10-<25	Skin Corr. 1B / H314 Eye Dam. 1 / H318
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	CAS No 7779-90-0	5 – < 10	Aquatic Acute 1 / H400 Aquatic Chronic 2 / H411
Alcohols C6-C12 Ethoxylated	CAS No 68439-45-2	1-<5	

Remarks

For full text of abbreviations: see SECTION 16

SECTION 4: First aid measures

4.1 Description of first aid measures

General notes

Do not leave affected person unattended. Remove victim out of the danger area. Keep affected person warm, still and covered. Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. In all cases of doubt, or when symptoms persist, seek medical advice. In case of unconsciousness place person in the recovery position. Never give anything by mouth.

Following inhalation

If breathing is irregular or stopped, immediately seek medical assistance and start first aid actions. In case of respiratory tract irritation, consult a physician. Provide fresh air.

Following skin contact

Wash with plenty of soap and water.

Following eye contact

Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Irrigate copiously with clean, fresh water for at least 10 minutes, holding the eyelids apart.

Following ingestion

Rinse mouth with water (only if the person is conscious). Do NOT induce vomiting.

4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Symptoms and effects are not known to date.

4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

none

SECTION 5: Firefighting measures

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable extinguishing media

Water spray, Alcohol resistant foam, BC-powder, Carbon dioxide (CO2)

Unsuitable extinguishing media

Water jet

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5.2 Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

Hazardous combustion products

Phosphorus oxides (PxOy)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

In case of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Co-ordinate firefighting measures to the fire surroundings. Do not allow firefighting water to enter drains or water courses. Collect contaminated firefighting water separately. Fight fire with normal precautions from a reasonable distance.

SECTION 6: Accidental release measures

6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

For non-emergency personnel

Remove persons to safety.

For emergency responders

Wear breathing apparatus if exposed to vapours/dust/spray/gases.

6.2 Environmental precautions

Keep away from drains, surface and ground water. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose of it. If substance has entered a water course or sewer, inform the responsible authority.

6.3 Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Advice on how to contain a spill

Covering of drains

Advice on how to clean up a spill

Wipe up with absorbent material (e.g. cloth, fleece). Collect spillage: sawdust, kieselgur (diatomite), sand, universal binder

Appropriate containment techniques

Use of adsorbent materials.

Other information relating to spills and releases

Place in appropriate containers for disposal. Ventilate affected area.

6.4 Reference to other sections

Hazardous combustion products: see section 5. Personal protective equipment: see section 8. Incompatible materials: see section 10. Disposal considerations: see section 13.

SECTION 7: Handling and storage

7.1 Precautions for safe handling

Recommendations

- Measures to prevent fire as well as aerosol and dust generation

Use local and general ventilation. Use only in well-ventilated areas. Never add water to this product.

- Handling of incompatible substances or mixtures

Do not mix with alkali.

- Keep away from

Caustic solutions

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Advice on general occupational hygiene

Wash hands after use. Do not eat, drink and smoke in work areas. Remove contaminated clothing and protective equipment before entering eating areas. Never keep food or drink in the vicinity of chemicals. Never place chemicals in containers that are normally used for food or drink. Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Control of effects

Protect against external exposure, such as

frost

- Packaging compatibilities

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used.

7.3 Specific end use(s)

See section 16 for a general overview.

SECTION 8: Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1 Control parameters

Occupational exposure limit values (Workplace Exposure Limits

Coun- try	Name of agent	CAS No	Identi- fier	TWA [mg/m³]	STEL [ppm]		Ceiling-C [mg/m³]	Source
AU	phosphoric acid (orthophosphoric acid)	7664-38-2	WES	1		3		WES

Notation

Ceiling-C ce

ceiling value is a limit value above which exposure should not occur

STEL short-term exposure limit: a limit value above which exposure should not occur and which is related to a 15-minute period

(unless otherwise specified)
TWA time-weighted average (long

time-weighted average (long-term exposure limit): measured or calculated in relation to a reference period of 8 hours time-

weighted average (unless otherwise specified)

Relevant DNELs of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint		Protection goal, route of exposure	Used in	Exposure time
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	DNEL	5 mg/m³	human, inhalatory	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	DNEL	83 mg/kg bw/ day	human, dermal	worker (industry)	chronic - systemic ef- fects

Relevant PNECs of components

	'					
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	PNEC	20.6 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	freshwater	short-term (single instance)

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Relevant PNECs of components

'						
Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Threshold level	Organism	Environmental com- partment	Exposure time
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	PNEC	6.1 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	marine water	short-term (single instance)
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	PNEC	100 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic organisms	sewage treatment plant (STP)	short-term (single in- stance)
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	PNEC	117.8 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	freshwater sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	PNEC	56.5 ^{mg} / _{kg}	aquatic organisms	marine sediment	short-term (single in- stance)
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	PNEC	35.6 ^{mg} / _{kg}	terrestrial organ- isms	soil	short-term (single in- stance)

8.2 Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls

General ventilation.

Individual protection measures (personal protective equipment)

Eye/face protection

Wear eye/face protection.

Skin protection

- Hand protection

Wear suitable gloves. Chemical protection gloves are suitable, which are tested according to EN 374. Check leak-tightness/impermeability prior to use. In the case of wanting to use the gloves again, clean them before taking off and air them well. For special purposes, it is recommended to check the resistance to chemicals of the protective gloves mentioned above together with the supplier of these gloves.

- Other protection measures

Take recovery periods for skin regeneration. Preventive skin protection (barrier creams/ointments) is recommended. Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

Respiratory protection

In case of inadequate ventilation wear respiratory protection.

Environmental exposure controls

Use appropriate container to avoid environmental contamination. Keep away from drains, surface and ground water.

SECTION 9: Physical and chemical properties

9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

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Physical state	liquid
Colour	not determined
Odour	characteristic
Melting point/freezing point	not determined
Boiling point or initial boiling point and boiling range	100 °C
Flammability	non-combustible
Lower and upper explosion limit	not determined
Flash point	not determined
Auto-ignition temperature	not determined
Decomposition temperature	not relevant
pH (value)	0.5 – 1 (acid)
Kinematic viscosity	not determined
Solubility(ies)	
Water solubility	miscible in any proportion
Partition coefficient	
Partition coefficient n-octanol/water (log value)	this information is not available
Vapour pressure	not determined
Density and/or relative density	
Density	10.22 ^{lb} / _{gal}
Relative vapour density	information on this property is not available
Particle characteristics	not relevant (liquid)

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9.2 Other information

Information with regard to physical hazard classes	hazard classes acc. to GHS (physical hazards): not relevant
--	---

Other safety characteristics

Miscibility	Completely miscible with water.
Solid content	17 %

SECTION 10: Stability and reactivity

10.1 Reactivity

Concerning incompatibility: see below "Conditions to avoid" and "Incompatible materials".

10.2 Chemical stability

See below "Conditions to avoid".

10.3 Possibility of hazardous reactions

No known hazardous reactions.

10.4 Conditions to avoid

There are no specific conditions known which have to be avoided.

10.5 Incompatible materials

There is no additional information.

Release of flammable materials with:

Light metals (due to the release of hydrogen in an acid/alkaline medium)

10.6 Hazardous decomposition products

Reasonably anticipated hazardous decomposition products produced as a result of use, storage, spill and heating are not known. Hazardous combustion products: see section 5.

SECTION 11: Toxicological information

11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Test data are not available for the complete mixture.

Classification procedure

The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Classification acc. to GHS

Acute toxicity

Shall not be classified as acutely toxic.

Skin corrosion/irritation

Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

Serious eye damage/eye irritation

Causes serious eye damage.

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Respiratory or skin sensitisation

Shall not be classified as a respiratory or skin sensitiser.

Germ cell mutagenicity

Shall not be classified as germ cell mutagenic.

Carcinogenicity

Shall not be classified as carcinogenic.

Reproductive toxicity

Shall not be classified as a reproductive toxicant.

Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (single exposure).

Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure

Shall not be classified as a specific target organ toxicant (repeated exposure).

Aspiration hazard

Shall not be classified as presenting an aspiration hazard.

11.2 Information on other hazards

There is no additional information.

SECTION 12: Ecological information

12.1 Toxicity

Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

Aquatic toxicity (acute) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
phosphoric acid %	7664-38-2	EC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h
phosphoric acid %	7664-38-2	ErC50	>100 ^{mg} / _l	algae	72 h
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	LC50	315 ^{µg} / _l	fish	96 h
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	EC50	860 ^{µg} / _l	aquatic invertebrates	48 h

Aquatic toxicity (chronic) of components

Name of substance	CAS No	Endpoint	Value	Species	Exposure time
phosphoric acid %	7664-38-2	EC50	>1,000 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	LC50	330 ^{µg} / _l	fish	95 h
trizinc bis(orthophos- phate)	7779-90-0	EC50	5.2 ^{mg} / _l	microorganisms	3 h

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12.2 Persistence and degradability

Data are not available.

12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

Data are not available.

Bioaccumulative potential of components

Name of substance	CAS No	BCF	Log KOW	BOD5/COD
trizinc bis(orthophosphate)	7779-90-0	28,960		

12.4 Mobility in soil

Data are not available.

12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

According to the results of its assessment, this substance is not a PBT or a vPvB. Does not contain a PBT-/vPvB-substance at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

Does not contain an endocrine disruptor (ED) at a concentration of $\geq 0.1\%$.

12.7 Other adverse effects

Data are not available.

SECTION 13: Disposal considerations

13.1 Waste treatment methods

Sewage disposal-relevant information

Do not empty into drains. Avoid release to the environment. Refer to special instructions/safety data sheets.

Waste treatment of containers/packagings

Only packagings which are approved (e.g. acc. to the Dangerous Goods Regulations) may be used. Completely emptied packages can be recycled. Handle contaminated packages in the same way as the substance itself.

Remarks

Please consider the relevant national or regional provisions. Waste shall be separated into the categories that can be handled separately by the local or national waste management facilities.

SECTION 14: Transport information

14.1 UN number

UN RTDG	UN 3264
IMDG-Code	UN 3264
ICAO-TI	UN 3264
ADG	UN 3264

14.2 UN proper shipping name

UN RTDG CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

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IMDG-Code CORROSIVE LIQUID, ACIDIC, INORGANIC, N.O.S.

ICAO-TI Corrosive liquid, acidic, inorganic, n.o.s.

ADG PAINT

Technical name (hazardous ingredients) phosphoric acid ... %

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

UN RTDG 8
IMDG-Code 8
ICAO-TI 8
ADG 8

14.4 Packing group

UN RTDG III
IMDG-Code III
ICAO-TI III
ADG III

14.5 Environmental hazards hazardous to the aquatic environment

Environmentally hazardous substance (aquatic t

environment)

trizinc bis(orthophosphate)

14.6 Special precautions for user

There is no additional information.

14.7 Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

The cargo is not intended to be carried in bulk.

SECTION 15: Regulatory information

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

There is no additional information.

National regulations (Australia)

AIIC-Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

All ingredients are listed or exempt from listing.

Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances				
Name acc. to inventory	CAS No			
water	7732-18-5			
phosphoric acid	7664-38-2			
Phosphoric acid, zinc salt (2:3)	7779-90-0			
alcohols, C6-12, ethoxylated	68439-45-2			

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15.2 Chemical Safety Assessment

Chemical safety assessments for substances in this mixture were not carried out.

SECTION 16: Other information

Abbreviations and acronyms

ADG-Australian Dangerous Goods Code. AICIS-Australian Inventory of Chemical Substances. AIIC-Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals.

Key literature references and sources for data

Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labelling of Chemicals ("Purple book").

UN Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Good. International Maritime Dangerous Goods Code (IMDG). Dangerous Goods Regulations (DGR) for the air transport (IATA).

Classification procedure

Physical and chemical properties: The classification is based on tested mixture. Health hazards, Environmental hazards: The method for classification of the mixture is based on ingredients of the mixture (additivity formula).

Disclaimer

This information is based upon the present state of our knowledge. This SDS has been compiled and is solely intended for this product.

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